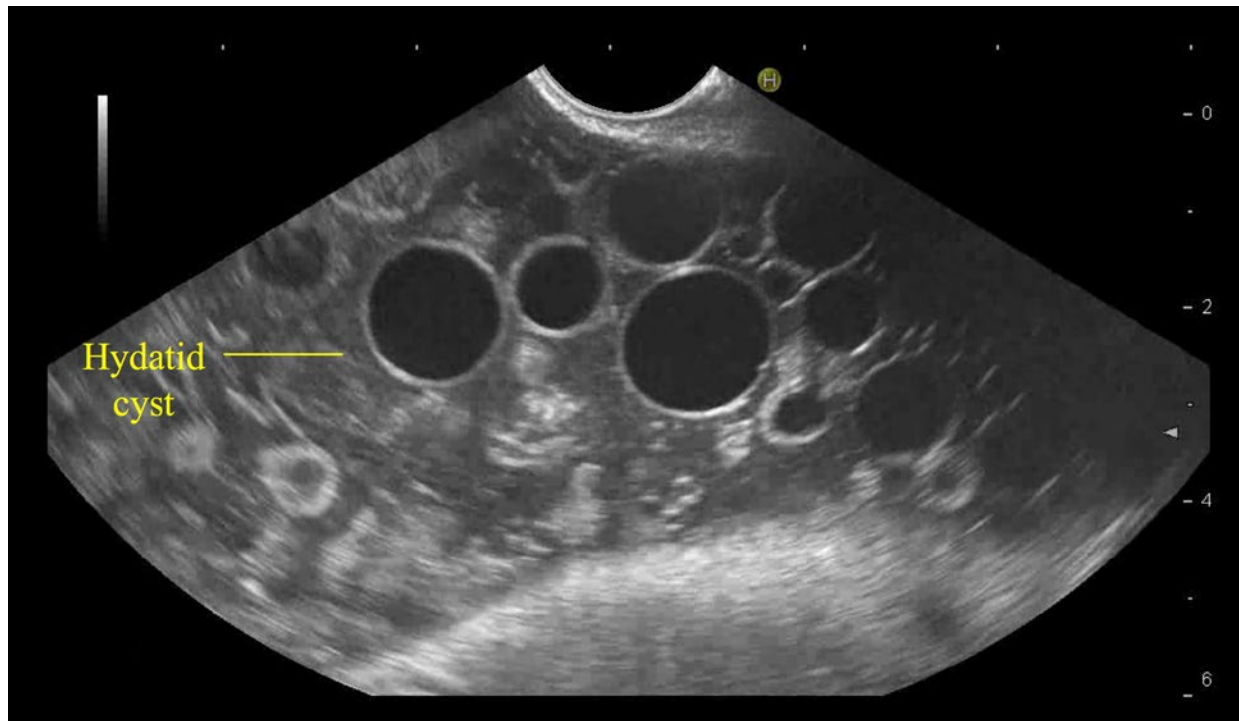


Video of the Month

Primary Peritoneal Hydatidosis

Piyush Somani¹, Malay Sharma¹, Amit Pathak¹, Amol Patil¹ and Avinash Kumar¹

Am J Gastroenterol 2016;111:600; doi:10.1038/ajg.2016.71



A 40-year-old man presented with progressive abdominal distension and abdominal discomfort, which he had had for a month. Abdominal ultrasonography revealed hydatid cysts with well-defined, mobile, round anechoic areas with thin echogenic walls within abdominal free fluid with no liver involvement, suggestive of primary peritoneal hydatidosis (video). There were small mobile echoes and debris suggestive of hydatid sand. Endoscopic ultrasonography of the stomach yielded similar results: small, well-defined, and mobile round anechoic areas with thin echogenic walls, suggestive of hydatid cysts. It also showed ascites and small mobile echoes and debris, which were suggestive of hydatid sand (video and image). (Informed consent was obtained from the patient to publish these images.)

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To watch the Video of the Month, please visit **AJG** online:

<http://www.nature.com/ajg/journal/v111/n5/supinfo/ajg201671s1.html>

